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THE NEWS IN LONDON. SPECULATION TOUCHING THE GERMAN EM. PEROR'S RUSSIAN VISIT

PROGRESS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BILL THE CONVBEARE INCIDENT-LORD SALIS-BURY'S ARRAIGNMENT OF MR. GLAD-STONE-MARKSMANSHIP EXTRAOR DINARY-THEATRICAL TOPICS-LITERARY ANNOUNCE-MENTS-PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

[BY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Copyright : 1888 : By The New-York Tribune. London, July 21 .- Speculation is rife touching the German Emperor's visit to the Czar, but it is speculation and nothing more. The public understands tolerably well that reporters are not admitted to interviews between two sovereigns. The papers therefore content themselves with describing the outside ceremonials. Partisans of Russia are, however, in a state of feverish hope that something may occur which shall estrange Austria from Germany. The press of Vienna is watchful, not to say suspicious, but there is reason to believe that the Cabinet of Vienna is satisfied by the explanations sent from Berlin before the Emperor left that city. The Prussians themselves looked so doubtfully on this expedition that Prince Bismarck has thought it advisable to reassure them. Germany," says the Imperial Chancellor's semiofficial organ, "has not gone to St. Petersburg as a suppliant. She has nothing to ask, no homage

to offer. Nor can Russia bestow anything we do

The cheers which hailed the passage of the Local Government bill through committee came from both sides. Government and Opposition are for once agreed. Ministers, Mr. Ritchie most of all, have a right to rejoice in having carried a measure of this magnitude. The Liberals welcome it as almost a revolution, which transfers the control of county affairs from the privileged few to the reople. Londoners benefit at least as much as anybody else. London becomes for municipal purposes something more than a geographical expression. It acquires the right to govern itself. Vestries and the Metropolitan Board of Works pass out of existence unhonored and unlamented. The bill has yet to go through the formal stages in the House of Commons and may suffer amendment on one or two points in the House of Lords. But it will become a law substantially as it left

The Conybeare incident fills a space out of all proportion to Mr. Conybeare's real importance. His importance is nil, but a boy in the street may throw a stone at the Queen, and the least of legislators may insult the Speaker, who is a personage surrounded by hardly less dignity. Nobody ventures to defend Mr. Conybeare's language. If a Member may say in the House or in print that the Speaker's conduct is a public scandal, there is an end to decency in Parliament. Lord Randolph Churchill's censure was no whit too strong, nor did the four hours' debate which followed serve any useful purpose. That Mr. Conybeare's letter was a gross libel on the Speaker was conceded. even by those who preferred to call it a breach of privilege. Whether it should be punished by fourteen days' or a month's suspension did not greatly signify. Had he chosen to apologize, the House might have been more lenient. Mr. Gladstone's assent to the motion was given in his usual guarded manner, but he obviously felt Mr. Convbeare to be an impossible client.

Mr. Parnell's Commission bill will be taken up on Monday evening, and an exciting debate is expected. Mr. Parnell has sent out a curious whip to his followers, asking them to be present to vote on the Forgeries Bill.

An odd little conversation took place in the House of Lords last night on Lord Beauchamp's hear that from the beginning to the end of their proposal to publish the names of those present last week when the Duke of Argyll's motion of confidence in the Government was allowed to pass unanimously. The Duke of Argyll regarded, he said, the conspiracy of silence against him as proof that he could not be answered. Lord Rosehery retorted that the Duke was always using the lash, and they had grown callous. Brabourne said that Lord Rosebery ought to have a cap and bells. Lord Salisbury observed that the Czar, the bands played the Prussian National the Liberals seemed unable to speak where there was anybody to answer them; "but," continued the noble Marquis, "outside this House there is no hole or corner in which you do not find the leader of the Opposition making a speech. He gets behind Mr. Biggar and Dr. Tanner at a pienic, in order to make a speech, or he is invited to a cheerful dinner given by Sir Wilfred Lawson, and in the presence of eight or ten guests, himself at one end of the table and a reporter at the other, he makes a speech, not only impugning the motives and attacking the characters of his opponents, but a speech replete with most unfounded statements, replete with most distorted law, full of attacks upon the judicial officers of the Crown, and reaching to that pitch of indecency that he did not shrink from commenting upon the evidence now being given in a case before a court of law." Such are the terms in which the present Prime Minister thinks it proper to refer to his predecessor.

The strike of the match girls in Messrs. Bryant & May's factory has ended in a complete victory for the girls. The company give way on all important points. The truth is that public opinion was on the girls' side. No great principle was involved, but they were the victims of a series of petty exactions which are to be enforced no longer.

The Irish victory at Wimbledon is from every point of view a remarkable one. The Elche Shield, yearly competed for by England, Scotland and Ireland, is the most important event of the whole fortnight's meeting. This is the twentyseventh year of this contest, and never before has the shooting of all three teams been so good, nor has any winner ever made a score within ten points of the present winning total, while Captain Barnett's 216 breaks another Wimbledon record and is within nine of the highest possible figure. The Irish, neverthless, were never sure of winning till the last shot but one had been fired, and the very closeness and uncertainty of the struggle till the very end makes their victory all the more brilliant. Their total was 1,652, which is 82 beyond the winning score of last year.

"La Tosca," in spite of all its horrors, is so great a success that it will be kept in the Lyceum bill all next week. "Francillon" is announced for July 30, when Mile. Sarah Bernhardt will play the title role for the first time.

The St. James's Theatre opens to-night for the last time under the management of Messrs. Hare and Kendal. This partnership has lasted nine years, has brought an ample fortune to each member of the firm, and has had a marked influence on the English stage, which boasts of no actress equal in perfection of style to Mrs. Kendal. It is now settled that Mr. and Mrs. Kendal will go to America in October, 1889. They will there produce most of the pieces in which this most accomplished and admirable actress has played the leading parts in London. Miss Adelaide Detchon has sailed for Australia, where and in New-Zealand and India she expects to remain till next February. Her last appearances in the United Kingdom were in Dublin, where she was received by crowded. even overcrowded, houses, with genuine Irish enthusiasm. She wishes the foolish story of her identity with Messrs. Churchill and Jodrell, which | seems to be still current in certain American papers, contradicted; and contradicted it is. Our pretty and elever young countrywoman has to choose on arriving at Meibourne between three

tempting proposals for her whole tour.

to be published in London Mr. Lowell's "Political Essays" stands first. Most of them, say be accepted both at home and abroad. Messrs. Macmillan, who issue the volume, deal with incidents and phases of the American Civil War, but Mr. Lowell has included the address The Place of the Independent in Politics" which he delivered this year in New-York. This he might, perhaps, have omitted. It seems to be

ill-adapted to the British market. Mr. Bret Harte is writing a new story for 'Macmillan's Magazine," and Mr. Henry James another for "The English Illustrated Magazine," and still another for Mr. Harry Quilter's exceedingly ambitious "Universal Review." This periodical, whatever may be said of its contents, has an undeniably brilliant cover. Mr. Quilter has already contrived to quarrel with a greater number of contributors than any editor on record.

Mr. and Mrs. Blaine and party left Cluny ·Castle on Thursday, saying good-bye reluctantly to Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie and their friends. They will arrive to-day in London, and will remain a full week before sailing, as already announced, on August 1 on the new Inman Line steamer City of New-York, on which they have taken passage. This largest liner affoat left the Clyde this morning on her trial trip around Ireland, and is expected to arrive at Liverpool on Monday. She has two or three hundred guests on board.

Mr. Depew continues his pursuit of rest and relaxation by accepting three invitations a day and refusing as many more. The dinner given to him and Mrs. Depew on Thursday by the American Minister was a banquet of twenty, including the Master of the Rolls and Lady Esher. Lord and Lady Lymington and Sir Julian and Lady Goldsmid. This was followed by a dinner last evening at Mr. and Mrs. Henry White's, in Grosvenor Crescent, among whose other guests were Mr. Gladstone, Mrs. Phelps. Bishop Doane, Bishop Potter-no dinner party in London is now complete without a Bishop-Mrs. Peel, the wife of the Speaker; Lady Elcho, Lady Ribblesdale, the Austrian Charge d'Affaires, and the Earl of Aberdeen; altogether a most brilliant company. The American Minister was prevented from attending by a long standing engagement elsewhere. Invitations from Lord Rosebery, Lord Cork, Mr. Chamberlain, Mrs. Adair, Mrs. Jeune, Lady Borthwick and many others have been sent to Mr. Depew, who would be more than human if he managed to accept them all.

London, and more Londons than one, are regretting the departure of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius landerbilt, who sail to-day from Liverpool for New-York on the Cunard Line steamer Etruria. I imagine that astute dealers in pictures and brica-brac regret it. They announced to some of their regular clients that their wares had been put up for the benefit of Mr. Vanderbilt, and would stay up as long as he stayed. They will now have an opportunity to put them down again, richer only in the knowledge they have gained that even a Vanderbilt does not always care to pay two prices for one picture. Charitable enterprises however, have profited as much as dealers' enterprises have failed to profit. Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt's purchases at the various bazaars so frequent this season have been on the most liberal scale Their tenure of Herbert House has added much to the interest of the season already almost at its end. They early became known to many of the best people in London society, and their appearances at the best houses have been constant. They had, of course, the advantage of introductions from some of those Americans to whom all doors are open, but they entered them under conditions so peculiar that by a little want of tact or good sense they might easily have made shipwreck of their social career. This they have omitted to do. Their London experiences have been an unbroken series of social successes. They have won the goodwill of those whose goodwill is best worth having, and I cannot London summer they have made a single mistake.

### CHEERED BY THE RUSSIAN TROOPS. A HEARTY WELCOME FOR EMPEROR WILLIAM-AN

EXCHANGE OF HONORS. St. Petersburg, July 21.-Emperor William re viewed the troops at Krasnoe-Selo yesterday evening. On the Emperor's arrival, in company with Hymn and the troops cheered. Later the Emperor joined the Russian Imperial family and Prince Henry of Prussia at the pavilion, where the bands played selections from German and Russian airs.

Emperor William has conferred the decoration of the Order of the Black Eagle upon Duke Alexander of Oldenburg, Commander of the Russian Guards Corps. In bestowing the decoration the

Emperor extolled the perfection of the corps. Prince Henry of Prussia has been appointed Honorary Commander of the 33d Regiment of

Russian Dragoons. Emperor William hus appointed the Czarewitch Chief of the First Westphalian Regiment of Ilussars.

The Emperor will attend a review of the troops on Monday, and will start from Peterhof on his return to Germany on Tuesday.

# A WRECK CAUSED BY PURE MALICE.

CONSTRUCTION TRAIN. Galveston, Tex., July 21.-A special dispatch from Laredo to "The News," says: "Full particulars of the wreck of the construction train on the Mexican National Railroad, beyond Saltillo, have been received It seems that some malicious person threw the switch near Buena Vista, and started a flat car containing a water-tank down the heavy grade toward saltillo, which met the construction train coming up the grade. The crew on the construction train had just time to jump, before the car containing the water tank, which had attained a frightful speed, struck the engine. The lecomotive was knocked all to pieces. The railroad officials at Laredo state that no one was hurt."

### CAUSES OF THE INDIAN OUTBREAK. SEEKING VENGEANCE FOR THE EXECUTION OF AN

INDIAN DOCTOR-WHITE PROPLE BESIEGED. Chicago, July 21 .- A dispatch from Victoria, B. C., ays: Mr. Borland, a well-known resident, has arrived from Hazleton to confer with the Atterney-General regarding the state of affairs at Hazelton, on the Skeena River, and tells the following story of the

Last year an Indian named Jim murdered an Indian doctor at the forks of the Skeena. A posse of specials arrested the murderer and he was shot by ne of the posse named Green. The posse then returned to Hazelton, where they are at present hemmed in by the hostile Indians. They can hold out for a month if the Indians can be prevented from burning the place. Among the whites in the locality where the shooting took place are Mr. Clifford and wife, in charge of the the Hudson Bay store; the Rev. Mr. Fields and wife, and Mrs. Hankin and family. The Indians demand that Green be handed to them and \$1,000 paid them. If the specials refuse they threaten the houses and murder every white person in

MEXICO ANXIOUS TO RECEIVE EMIGRANTS. Vera Cruz, Mexico, July 21 .- A correspondent called on the Secretary of the Interior, and had an interview with him on the subject of emigration. The Secretary stated that Mexico wants emigrants, honest men and women who will work and help to build up the country, no matter of what origin they might be. He spoke with great faith of the Huller colonization schemes in Lower California as the ones most likely to bring the working class of colonists to Mexico. On telling him that some papers in this country and the United States expressed the idea that there is opposition to the Americans as emigrants, he said that was all bosh; that actions a poke louder than words, for Americans are coming to this country daily, and he had yet to know of one honest American who had a claim or complaint to make, recretary of the Treasury Dublan spoke in the some arrain, adding that he fiked to see Ameri-can bus ness men come here, as he admired their energy, plack and dar no

COBDENITES PREDICT UNIVERSAL PREE TRADE London, July 21.-Mr. Potter, a Radical reformer, Among the announcements of American books the regular annual meeting of the Cobden Club to-day.

BRUTAL TREATMENT OF MR. MANDEVILLE. PUNISHED FOR EXTREMELY LONG PERIODS-STARTLING EVIDENCE OF A FORMER JAIL

WARDEN. Dublin, July 21 .- The Mandeville inquest was resumed to-day. A great sensation was caused by the evidence of Daniel Goulding, who was formerly a warder in Tuliamore Jail. Goulding deposed that on the evening of November 22 the governor of the fall said he had received orders to strip Mr. Mandeville; that he (witness) and the other five warders entered he prisoner's cell and found him sleeping soundly; that the chief warder shook the prisoner rudely and aroused him; that Mr. Macdevillo resisted, but was oon stripped naked, and that he cried: "For decency's sake leave my shirt," whereupon the warder gave him his shirt, in which he lay the rest of the night, refusing to put on the prison garb. The witness said he was aware that Mr. Mandeville had been punished for periods never before recorded in the warders' book. The inquest was adjourned.

# THREATENING TO RENEW THE BOYCOTT.

RADICALS AMONG THE BURLINGTON STRIKERS URGING EXTREME MEASURES. Chicago, July 21 .- A local paper says: "The settle ment of the Burlington strike does not seem as probable as it did a few days ago. While Hoge, Murphy and Hall, following Chief Arthur's advice, are swinging around the circle, the chairmen of the Grievance committees are holding daily sessions in this city Two weeks ago the most radical strikers would have accepted the slightest concession from the company and would have returned to work, admitting the defeat of the Brotherhood. To-day they declare that nothing but an unconditional surrender on the part of the company will be accepted by the victorious strikers. This is not the talk of one or two Burington strikers, but it is the unanimous expression of leading Brother hood men who are in the city as representatives of thousands of men from the great Western roads.

"The radicals have obtained a complete ascendancy on all of the Western and several of the Eastern roads. ession have no hesitation in saying that a general strike could be declared, if such a measure would, by any possibility, aid the Burlington strikers. declare that a great mistake was made when the boyott was raised. Chairman Vrooman, of the Union Pacific Grievance Committee said yesterday that the engineers will continue to demand what they struck for—3 1-2 and 4 cents a mile, the abolition of classification, etc., and the rein-patement of the strkers. He spoke within the hearing of a dozen members of the General Grievance Committee, all of whom emphatically indorsed and applauded

"The radicals declare that Hoge has no authority to represent the strikers in the trip over the Burling ton road. They rejoice that his proposition for a set tlement is being generally rejected, and seem to have considerable inside knowledge concerning the reasons herefor. The resumption of the boycott against the Burlington has been openly advocated by the men in Chicago who were instrumental in having it declared ment was the one great mistake made by the strikers and their supporters on other roads. From all acounts, the company held out certain inducements to he strikers in case of a formal declaration that the this offer as an indication that the company is weakening, and now propose to renew the fight along the line. Agents of the strikers have been scouring the States of Iowa, Illinois, Misourl and Nebraska, noting the condition of the crops and forming an estimate of the amount of grain trans-portation to be done this fall and winter. All reports agree that the crop will be one of the heaviest har-vested for twenty years. On this they base their hopes of the success of a boycott."

opes of the success of a boycott."

When the case of Chairmon Hoge and Murphy, of the unlington strikers, was called in court, neither, of Burlington strikers, was called in court, neither of the accused was present, and Frank Collier, attorney for the Burlington Company, and representing the prosecution, surprised everybody by a request that the case be continued. He explained his reasons for this strange action by saying: "Hoge and Murphy are now out of the city on an extensive tour, doing virtually the company's work." The court granted a postponement of one week.

# CHAIRMAN HOGE AT OMAHA.

Omaha, July 21 (Special).-Messrs. Hoge. Murphy and Hall arrived in Omaha last night. A joint meet ing of the strikers was held. Chairman Hoge said that ton, Ottumwa, Creston, Plattsmouth and Omaha there to McCook and Denver and then back to Chicago. His mission is to find out the sentiment of the men with reference to discontinuing the strike. The senwith reference to discontinuing the stifle. The sentiment thus far has been unanimous in favor of continuing the strike. The largest number of disceniers was at Galesburg, where nine men voted in favor of declaring the strike off. At Creston over 200 men were unanimous for keeping it up. The company-Mr. Hoge says, have made concessions, but these are slight and equivalent to an unconditional surrender. He refused to state what these concessions are.

A WOOLLEN MANUFACTURER'S VIEWS AND VOTE. Augusta, Me., July 21 (Special).-The village of Hartland is one of the busiest and most prosperous in Maine, and has been made so by the woollen manufactories situated there. Closely associated with the manufactures of the place is the name of Archibald Lynn, the manufacturer of the best shawls made in the United states. No man is better acquainted with the industry of woollen manufacturing and its needs than is Mr. Lynn, and he is not a man to be alarmed for any slight cause.

Heretofore Mr. Lynn has not acted with the Republicans. In Greenback times he was elected as tate Senator from Someiset County on the fusion ticket, but this year he will vote for Harrison and dorton and Burleigh. To use his own expression "I'm of the opinion that the friends of the American system of protection are the right ones to regulate the tariff, and not its opponents, the Democrats."
Mr. Lynn is a native of Scotland, and before he came to America had experience in the mills of England. He knows the conditions of the woollen inquistries thoroughly, and has become convinced that the ultimate aim of the Democracy bodes no good for protection and American Industries. Hence, he comes out for Harrison and Morton.

Chicago, July 21 (Special).-War has been declared by the City of Chicago and the South Side gas companies, and on Monday legal proceedings will be be gun by the city authorities against the Consumers Company for an injunction restraining the latter from violating the ordinances in regard to pouring inflammable material in the river. This is the outgrowth of the loose state of affairs which has existed for some time past, which culminated last Sunday in the river catching fire and endangering property in the vicinity to an alarming degree. This episode was the work of a small boy who dropped a lighted match in the slip near the Consumers' Gas Company's premises. Health Commissioner Dewolf sent w the companies asking them to stop running their stuff into the river. The North Side companies compiled, but the Consumers' Gas Company has not been living up to its gromise. Last night the slip was drained of its refuse by the fire company. Investigation this morning showed that the slip in the night had again been filled with inflammable material.

A LUMBER COMPANY GOING OUT OF BUSINESS. St. Louis, July 21 (Special),-The Eau Claire Lumber Co., of St. Louis, Chicago and Chippewa, Wis. witch has nearly \$4,000,000 invested in the lumber trade, has announced its retirement from business. Gustave Mucke, the general manager in this city, says that all the members of the company, seven it number, are very wealthy, and that a good offer which has been made for the plant and lands by a syndicate is under advisement. During the last five years, the company's trade in this vicinity has been destroyed by the Missouri Pacific Rallway, which put white pine from the Southwest in here cheaper than the yellow pine from the North could be sold. It was intimated that a big lumber trust is forming, and that the Eau Claire plant will go into it.

BEER FOR THOSE WHO GO TO A FUNERAL Baltimore, July 21 (Special).—The people who fol-low the remains of John Francis Charles Herald to the grave to-morrow will have a feast after the funeral. Herald was an aged cooper, who committed suicid because of domestic troubles. On Thursday night he told several of his friends that they would never again see him alive. He then bought several ounces of ment and swallowed enough of the drug to kill half a dozen men. His will, duly drawn up by a magis-trate, provides \$50 for the funeral and a sum of money for beer and lunch for all who think enough of him to attend the funeral. The will also stipulates that the preacher shall only be paid \$2.

## CROSSING THE DEAD LINE.

A STRANGE MURDER IN EIGHTH-AVE. HENRY ROGERS HAS A QUARREL WITH AN AC-QUAINTANCE AND STABS HIM IN THE

BREAST. A strange murder was committed late yesterday afternoon in front of Messner & Freenstein's restaurant, at No. 813 Eighth-ave. Two young fellows went into the restaurant at about 5 o'clock and sat at one table. They were recognized as William L. Dunn, parents at No. 418 West Fifty-second-st., and Henry Rogers, age eighteen, whose father is a car driver, living at No. 339 West Forty-ninth-st. Young Roger is said by the police to be a petty thief and to have were believed to have only a slight acquaintance with They talked pleasantly enough while at their meal and after they left the restaurant they talked several minutes while standing on the sidewalk. suddenly persons in the restaurant were startled by hearing Rogers say angrily: "You put your foot across that line and I'll fix you!"

Rogers stood with his right hand behind him, in a threatening attitude, while he pointed with his left hand to a crack between the flagstones. The young men faced each other on opposite sides of the line. stant Rogers raised his right arm and struck a powerful blow forward. There was the flash of a knife blade as the blow was struck, and the blade was buried deep in Dunn's breast.

As Dunn staggered back blood gushed in a stream from the wound. He tottered along the sidewalk a few steps and fell dead in front of Max Simon's crockery store at No. 809. With the bloody knife in his hand Rogers ran swiftly around the corner into Forty-ninth-st., pursued by a number of excited men. Police Captain Killilea, of the Forty-seventh Street Squad, was in the avenue and he joined in the chase.

He followed the murderer into the tenement-house in West Forty-ninth-st., and pursued him to the roof. Rogers was fleet of foot and as agile as a monkey He made several desperate jumps from one roof to the north side of the street. At length he dived down through an open scuttle and reached the rear yard.

Captain Killilea saw him climb rapidly up a clothes pole in the rear of the yard, swing himself to a pole in the yard of a Fiftieth-st, house and disappear.

Captain Killilea, although bafiled for the time being, soon had a number of his men out searching for the murderer, and Rogers was captured at Ninth-ave, and Fifty-sixth-st, at about 9 o'clock.

### WAS HE SHOT INTENTIONALLY? BADLY WOUNDED A CASHIER.

A NEIGHBORHOOD THAT NEEDS POLICE PRO-TECTION-THE RESULT OF INQUIRIES.

Kathleen Villa, at Bath Beach, L. L. was the scene The villa and grounds were illuminated with gayety. A large ball was being given by the guests of the villa, and about 200 persons were dancing priate to such an oceasion.

At midnight William Underhill, eashier for D. B. guests, was promenading with Miss house. Suddenly three pistol shots were fired in quick succession; and Underhill, exclaiming, "I am shot!" hurried to the house. After he had been placed upon a sofa, Dr. De Mund was summoned; and he. after a hasty examination of the wound, decided to send for Dr. S. Fleet Spier. They dressed the wound, and deermined to defer probing for the ball until Saturday.

Yesterday it was removed and found to be from groin, and resting about an inch from the surface on the transversalls fasela. The physicians say that the wound is not necessarily dangerous, but is serious; and great care will be required.

One version of the shooting is that it was caused by jealousy; and, in the absence of any direct contradiction, this report at first, gained currency. ever, it has been refuted by Underhill himself, through a statement made to his physicians, and by his inti-

Mr. Horton, manager of the Villa, says that the during the evening, and that he believed that some dramien rufflan hit Underbill accidentality, and was possibly not aware of the fact, as he heard the firing continued long after the accident occurred.

George Ditman, bartender at the Avou beach House, declared when questioned by a Tribune reporter that he knew all about the affair, but that he would not say anything unless compelled to do so. He supposed trouble would come out of it for somebody; but that, in his position, he preferred not to have anything to say at present. So far as could be learned, no effort has been made by the local authorities to find the perpetrators of the crime. In fact, it could not be ascertained who the authorities are.

## LOOKING FOR THE END OF THE RATE WAR ARBITRATION TO BE TRIED-KANSAS CITY COM-

Chicago, July 21.—The new Colorado and Wyoming ates, which were to go into effect July 12, and the enpreement of which has been several times postponed, are

go into effect Monday. There were plenty of rumors to-day of further reducions in east-bound rates, but they were not to be verified. vill be ended, after some discussion, by arbitration

that the Chicago lines are discriminating against them, because the through rates from points west of Kansas City to Chicago or the East are less than the sum of the cals between Kansas City and the East. The through erence was held in Kansas City regarding this subject out no conclusion was reached. On Tuesday a meeting will be held here between the grain men and Chairmen

REDUCED CHARGES IN NEW-HAMPSHIRE. Concord, N. II., July 21.-The forthcoming annual report of the New-Hampshire Railroad Commissioners will say that since 1884 railroad charges in New-Hampshire have been reduced about \$4,000 per annum, upon the basis of business done at that time. This has given lower relight and fares than can be found in any other State where railroad traffic is affected under conditions no more avorable than in this case; and passenger fares are as ow upon reads making those great concessions as can easonably be asked or wisely granted at present. The eccipts of roads making returns to the Board in 1887 were \$22,929,550; gross expenses, \$18,170,580; showing an increase of \$2,648,200 in receipts, and \$253,063 in net

GENERAL HARRISON TAKING A LONG DRIVE. Indianapolis, July 21 (Special).-The importance of impressed upon General Harrison by his friends, and in consequence he has devoted the greater part of the time in the last two days to such occupation as would help him to recover his usual strength, pre paratory to entering upon a week, beginning next Monday, that will test his physical endurance at its It is now estimated that his callers before next Saturday night will number between 1,200 and 1.500, including nine delegations from different parts of Himois and Indiana. The General went out to-day for the longest drive that he has taken since his nomination, going seven miles out in the country. He did not return until evening, and then he was tired enough to relish an unusually hearty supper. There were no callers of distinction and the day was

Tablequah, I. T., July 21 (Special).—The Indian Council adjourned to-day without leasing the Chero-

The Cherokee Live Stock Association, howover, have been able to hold a majority in both Houses in favor of their proposition to lease the strip at \$175,000 per annum, against the Waco Company which offered \$185,000 per annum. Both companies had the hands of the Cherokee authorities to make their bids good. Chief Slayes to-day sent a message in forming the Council that he had exhausted every means in his power to have the grazing privilege on the strip leased to the highest bidder, and that as there appeared to be no possibility of an agreement in the Council, he had decided to order an adjournment. The lease expires October 1 and they can not remain longer than that without paying \$1 a head on their stock, or a sum of \$500,00c.

HE SAYS HE DIDN'T BEAT HEE. siese P. Francis, the Holesken man who was arrested at Port Richmond on Thursday, on the charge of beating his wife, has furnished for publication a complete denial of the affair. He alleges that the circumstances were misunderstood. His trial will be held on Tuesday. IVES EXPRESSES SURPRISE.

HIS COMMENT ON THE CINCINNATI MEN.

PROMISING TO BE IN NEW-YORK ON TUESDAY-STAYNER REMAINS SILENT.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Clifton, Ont., July 21.-Henry S. Ives, the New York broker, is still on the Canadian side. He spends his time quietly, either in his rooms or on the upper plazzas of the hotel. George H. Stayner, his companion, is even more reserved than Ives. Mr. Woodruff the third member of the party, has disappeared. body has seen him for the last two days. Ives to-day wore a neat gray suit, with high-cut vest, blue necktie, a white. Milan straw hat and patent leather galters. When asked by a reporter if he had anything to say, he

No. I think not. I will be back in New-York next Tuesday, and can be seen then fust as well as now."
"Why did you leave New-York?"

"Because I felt disposed to do so, and don't see why I shouldn't have left."

"Some people say that you left there to escape arrest on indictments."

I left there because I felt like it, and I shall be back in New-York next Tuesday." "There is a man named Pugh in New-York, isn't there!" he asked sharply.

"Well, I think it very strange for him to go to New-York to get extradition papers to take me to Cin-

" Why do you think that ?"

District-Attorney Fellows went to Missouri to get extradition papers for some one in New-York!"

This conversation took place on the right-hand wing of the veranda within a stone's throw almost of the Falls. Stayner was dressed in a neat black suit and a white plug hat. He sat about fifty feet away from Ives and the reporter while the conversation was going on and acted as carciessly as if he thought, "The world is mine." He will not say a world.

the Cincinnati indictment : "I do not care anything about it, and when the proper time comes it will be shown that everything is all right. This is how it occurred. Two years owned stock of the Dayton and Michigan Railway. which was valued at \$127,000. Some of this stock was sold in the regular manner. The board of directors sold it by the authority given them by the executive committee, and on an order issues by the president of the road. Of this stock \$5,000 was given to

ment of the road. Of this stock \$5,000 was given to me to dispose of, and my books will show what was done with it. What do you suppose \$5,000 would be te me? Nothing."

"Why were these indictments found?"

"It is all the outgrowth of jealousies which resulted from the election of officers of the railroad in question. I would not give \$5.00 to have the indictments quashed. I shall prefer going before the court to show up the fellows who have been instrumental in getting me into this scrape. They will be sorry for this illadvised action."

"What are your plans?"

into this scrape. They will be sorry for this illadvised action."

"What are your plans!"

"Mr. Stayner and I will stay here until Tuesday
anyway. By that time we will know whether Governor Hill decides to grant the application for extradition papers. If he denies the motion, we will both
go to New-York that day. Should be grant the application, we will remain at Clifton for another week and
go to Cincinnail voluntarily."

"How have you been spending your time here!"

"We have had many letters and telegrams to occupy
our attention. We have enjoyed the scenery, strolled
about and taken life easily. I wish you would deny
that I went fishing at Montrose and that I had a lady
here with me. Mrs. Stayner and her daughter have
even here during the last week and their presence
has. I fear, given rise to the statement that ! had a
lady friend with me, which is a unjust as it is false.
Mrs. Stayner and her daughter returned home to-day."

"You have been on the American side of the
river since your arrival here?"

"I have been across the river plenty of times
during my stay here. Do you suppose such a small
amount as \$5.000 would drive me out of the country?
The other side is now proposing negotiations for a
settlement, but we will not listen to them."

The other side is now proposing negotiatic settlement, but we will not listen to them."

The hearing before the Governor will be held tomorrow and some of Mr. Ives's triends were confident that the "Young Napoleon" would be in town on Tuesday. They were sure that he would not return fishing" excursion before the Governor had

# A SCULPTOR KILLED BY GAS.

PATRIZIO PIATTI, A WELL-KNOWN ARTIST, FOUND DEAD IN HIS ROOM.

Patrizio Piatti, an Italian sculptor, who made the monument of Colonel Vosburgh, of the 71st story is absurd; that he had heard a good deal of shooting going on in the neighborhood of the house during the evening, and that he believed that some tains' monument in Greenwood Cometery, and demansion, at Thirty-fourth-st. and Fifth-ave., was found dead in his room, at No. 148 West Sixteenthst., yesterday morning. He and his son, V. P. Piatti, had been sleeping on the third floor of the flat-house, and Lis bedroom was next to the parlor. His wife and daughter were in Bayville, L. I., and it was his intention to meet them there yester-

> His son noticed a strong smell of gas in the parlor yesterday morning. When the young man opened the door of the bedroom he found his father's body lying in an unnatural position on the bed. The room was full of gas, which had escaped from a half-open burner. Dr. Bately, of West Sixteenth-st., was summoned, and he said and the family of T. J. Jackson lived on that fi of Plutarch's Lives, which Mr. Piatti had been reading late on Friday night, lay on the floor. It was believed that the sculptor had become sleepy was believed that the sculptor had become sleepy while reading, and upon going to bed had left the gas escaping by accident. Coroner Messemer went to the house before noon and decided that death had been caused by accidental asphyxiation.
>
> Mr. Piatti was born at Lake Lugan, Italy, sixty-four years ago, and took an active part in the Revolution of 1848. He was a warm friend of Garitadii in exile, and was the founder of the first Italian society in this city. His brother Antonio has been knighted by the Italian Government, in recognition of his artistic talents. The sculptor was a tall, well-built and handsome man with white hair and begrd.

A STAGE ROBBED BY ONE MAN. San Luis Obispo, Cal., July 21.—The stage running between this place and Templeton was robbed by a masked man last night, while crossing the mountains about five miles from here. The robbers ordered the driver to stop and immediately covered him with a revolver. He then compelled the passengers, six in number, and the driver to alight from the stage and covered the heads of all with masks. The passengers are trapid pace a few minutes after 3 o'clock last night, and was about crossing Fifty-fifth-st, when the off and was about crossing Fifty-fifth-st, was compared to the control of the c sengers were placed in a row and robbed of about \$500. There was one woman passenger. ordered to throw off Wells & Fargo's express box, and the United States mail bags. The box was broken open, and the contents which are supposed to lake about \$1,000, were taken. The mails were also opened and a number of the letters examined.

STOLEN GOODS FOUND ON BURLINGTON ISLAND. Burlington, N. J., July 21.-A big haul was made on Burlington Island, in the Delaware River, or Thursday night, by Constables Burr, Gilbert and Adams, who found a lot of spoons, forks and all sorts of stiverware, men's and women's clothing, etc. Some few articles were found in the little house on the island occupied by George Atkinson, a respectable farmer, whose brother, Lorenzo Atkinson, is alleged to be the thief. The prisoner was taken to the County Jail at Mount Holly. He admitted that he had been concerned in the robberies, but could not be induced to tell who added him. Atkinson is also supposed to be concerned in a number of other robberies.

THE B. AND O. NOT AFFECTED BY THE FLOODS. Philadelphia, July 21 (Special).—Passenger Agent C. R. Mackinzie, of the Baltimore and Ohio, said this afternoon: "Our trains are running on time over the entire system. The reports of damage from the floods are greatly exaggerated. The travel has not been affected. The Pittsburg division of the road, which, according to the reports, was practically destroyed for fifteen miles, is in working order. Some damage was done to an important branch road, but it was not serious."

FUNERAL OF THE COMANCHE CHIEF.

Philadelphia, July 21 (Special).—The body of the Comanche chief, Shoddytlthka, was brought from Gloucester to-day, and shipped to Fort Sill, I. T. All the Indians connected with Pawnee Bill's Wild West Show rode behind the hearse, and each one thickly daubed with paint. The cowboys came next, and the squaws rode in large wagons. The music was fur-The regular Indian ceremonies of farewell were held over the body at the station. The three widows and several others of the dead chief's relatives accom-panied the body West. The streets over which the procession passed were densely crowded with specta-

ANARCHY IN CHICAGO GUIDED FROM NEW-

YORK.

GROUPS OF ASSASSINS UNKNOWN TO EACH OTHER COMMUNICATING THROUGH THE " PREIHEIT "-UTTERANCE OF LAW-ABIDING BOHEMIANS.

Chicago, July 21 .- "This is only a prelude," said a Central Station detective, speaking of the arrest of the Bohemian dynamiters. " Developments far more important and sensational will soon follow and at least six more anarchists, all Germans prominent in the Haymarket riot, will be placed under arrest."

It appears that since the North Side group of which Fischer and Engel were members, was disbanded about a year and a half ago, a number of small anarchist groups have been formed in various parts of the city. The groups are organized on a plan suggested by Most and his associates in New-York. Each group is composed of only three or four members, and is entirely independent in its actions. The members of one group know nothing about those of another, and the only way they communicate is through ciphers in Most's paper, the "Freiheit."

"This system of organization makes operating among the anarchists a hard task," said the detective. "It is hard to identify more than a certain number with one particular plot. Those Bohemians have undoubtedly been laboring under some outside influence, but where that influence came from and who those parties are they certainly do not know themselves."

"How do the police keep track of the Anarchists ?" asked the reporter

"It is simple," was the reply. "We have the names of all the persons who read Most's paper, for only Anarchists read it.

"Here is another thing that was not noticed thus far," continued the detective. "If strong evidence be brought against the men already under arrest, and especially against those whose arrest will take place one of these days, the police of New-York will be called upon to arrest Most. Most will then be brought to Chicago and tried with the conspirators. He is constantly inciting others to violence. His watchword in very number of his paper is 'Revenge.' "

The arrest of the Bohemian plotters has caused great consternation among the Anarchists. They lay all the blame on the police, of course, and characterize the arrest of Hronek and his comrades as a farce. The leading Bohemian daily paper of the city says, however:

"The Socialism of Lassalle did not content some of our countrymen, it being a rather complicated of our countrymen, it being a rather complicated and slow-working system, too difficult for some to comprehend. They, therefore, began to take a stronger stimulant—Anarchism. As long as the Bohemian Anarchists stopped at brag, nobody paid any attention to them. That the leaders would take more decided action, nobody expected or feared. But to the surprise of everybody, their ignorant tools did, taking refuge to bombs and dynamite. And such being the case, it becomes an imperative duty, with us, to help crush out. an imperative duty, with us, to help crush out every remnant of Anarchism. Men of sound discretion are not apt to manufacture bombs, and innatics belong to an insane asylum. We have tot the slightest doubt but that Bohemian Anarchism in America will be a thing of the past in a short

SCHWAR DOES NOT WANT HIS BLOOD SPILLED. Like all Anarchists, Justus H. Schawb has no respect wealthy beer-seller received a challenge from a Frenchman to fight a duel. Schwab and Julius Tannler, a Frenchman and a sculptor, of No. 300 West Fortyeighth-st., were once "great chums." The Frenchman drank beer daily at schwab's place, at No. 50 First-st. As long as they talked soci lism and marchism they got along all right. But on Friday Tannier praised Boulanger. Schwab dies not lika Boulanger, and the two men had hot words.

Tannier went to the gin-mill of August Schlag, another Anarchist, and wrote Justus a challenge, pistols preferred, naming Central Park as the place. econds of Tannier took the challenge to Schwab. not care to fire at Boulanger through Tannler. So he declined to fight. Schwab said yesterday that tains' monument in Greenwood Cemetery, and de-

# THE FIRE RECORD.

OVERCOME BY SMOKE IN A FLAT-HOUSE. Several five-story tenement-houses in a row in West-One-hundred-and-twenty-fourth-st., known as the there have been half a dozen fires in the houses, which hold about twenty families each. Three of the fires have occurred in the house No. 150. The latest one roke out there at 4:30 a. m. yesterday, when the inmates were asleep. The flames started mysteriously floor. James Brown and his wife, an infirm old couple. the sculptor had been dead several hours. A copy | Jackson is a night-watchman, and his wife and children were alone in their rooms when the alarm was given. Mrs. Jackson's baby was nearly suffocated be fore the family got to the roof of the adjoining house. Mr. Brown fell on the stairs, overcome by the smoke, but he was helped out with his wife by other occupants of the house. Everybody got out safely at length, and the firemen extinguished the flames before there had been much damage to furniture below the top-story. The loss was about \$1,000.

SEVERAL BUILDINGS BURNED IN SANTA FE. Santa Fe, N. M., July 21 .- A disastrous fire occurred this morning, by which the Catron Building, containing the Opera House, post-office "Daily New Mexican" office, Weltman's book and news stand, and Catron, Rnochle & Claucey's extensive law library and offices, were destroyed and several other buildings hadly damaged. The ross aggregate \$70,000; insurance, about \$40,000.

ANOTHER WOMAN KILLED BY A CAR. A Second-ave, horse car, driven by John O'Conner, a young Irishman, was going down the avenue at a horse ran against an elderly woman and knocked her down. She had started to cross the avenue, and had Nothing was taken from her. The driver was then just ressed one of the reflers of the elevated railroad. which prevented O'Connor from seeing her until she was struck by the horse. O'Connor put on the brake but before he could stop the car the woman's head was under the front platform and one of the wheels cut a deep gash behind her left car. Half a dozen men rushed to her assistance. The front end of the car was lifted up and she was carried to the side walk. She was senseless and she died in a few min-

Parsons in the crowd had recognized her as Mrs. Ellen Guiry, a widow sixty-eight years of age, who lived with her son Maurice, at No. 318 East Fiftyfifth-st., only a short distance away. O'Connor was arrested and locked up. He declared that the accident was unavoidable. His home is at Ninety-seventh-st, and Second-ave.

CLOSE OF A SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION. Carilsle, Penn., July 21 (Special).-Fully 10,000 people assembled to-day at Williams Grove to witness the closing exercises of the State Sunday-school onvention, which has been in session for one week. short lectures were given by the Rev. W. F. Crafts, Colonel Robert Cowden, and others, after which a general promenade of several thousand children tool place. This has been the most successful convention ever held here.

CHARLES J. BONAPARTE QUITS CLEVELAND. Baltimore, July 21 (Special).—Charles J. Bona-parte, a prominent member of the Civil Service Reform Association, who led the Mugwump element in Maryland for Cleveland four years ago, has declared his intention to support Harrison and Morton. Mr. lionaparte is dissatisfied with Cleveland's Civil Service Reform pretensions, and particularly with his appointments in Maryland.

DROWNED FROM A CAPSIZED ROWBOAT. Brookfield, Mass., July 21.-W. B. Jones, Mrs. Jones, were rowing on Podunk Pond, when one of the Jones attempted to save the child. The boat was capsized. Mr. Jones's efforts to save his companions proved futile and he narrowly escaped drawning himself.